CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula I

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or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein R¹ is F, Cl, Br, CN or NO₂;

10 R^2 is C_{1-6} alkyl, optionally substituted by one to three OR^3 , NR^3R^3 , aryl or het; R^3 is H or C_{1-4} alkyl;

het is morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, azetidyl, tetrahydrofuranyl or imidazolidinyl;

and aryl is a phenyl or pyridyl radical, attached via a carbon atom, optionally substituted by one to three halogen, OR³ or NR³R³.

- 2. A compound of claim 1 wherein R^1 is Cl.
- 3. A compound of claim 1 wherein R^2 is methyl.

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- 4. A compound of claim 1 wherein R^2 is C_{1-4} alkyl, optionally substituted by OH or NH_2 .
- 5. A compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein R^2 is C_{1-4} alkyl, optionally substituted by OH or NH₂.
 - 6. A compound of claim 1 wherein R^2 is C_{1-4} alkyl, optionally substituted by OC_{1-3} alkyl.
- 30 7. A compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein R^2 is C_{1-4} alkyl, optionally substituted by OC_{1-3} alkyl.

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- 8. A compound of claim 1 wherein R^2 is C_{1-4} alkyl, optionally substituted by morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, or pyrrolidinyl.
- 9. A compound of claim 2 or 3 wherein R² is C₁₋₄ alkyl, optionally substituted by morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, or pyrrolidinyl.
 - 10. A compound of claim 1 which is

- a). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-methyl-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
- b). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-ethyl-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-15 1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
 - c). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
- d). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-1-(2-phenylethyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
 - e). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
 - f). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
- g). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-(2-methoxyethyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-30 2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,
 - h). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide,

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- i). N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-methyl-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide, or
- j). N-(4-chlorobenzyl)-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-1-(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H,7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide.
 - 11. A compound of claim 1 which is *N*-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1-methyl-9-(morpholin-4-ylmethyl)-2,7-dioxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*,7*H*-pyrido[1,2,3-*de*]quinoxaline-6-carboxamide.
 - 12 A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 13. A method of treating or preventing infections by herpesviruses which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof a compound of claim 1.
 - 14 The method of claim 13 wherein the mammal is a human.
 - 15. The method of claim 13 wherein the mammal is an animal.
- 16. The method of claim 13 wherein said herpesviruses is herpes simplex virus types 1, herpes simplex virus types 2, varicella zoster virus, cytomegalovirus, Epstein-Barr virus, human herpes viruses 6, human herpes viruses 7 or human herpes viruses 8.
 - 17. The method of claim 13 wherein said herpesviruses is human cytomegalovirus.
 - 18. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound of claim 1 is administered orally, parenterally or topically.
 - 19. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound of claim 1 is in an amount of from about 0.1 to about 300 mg/kg of body weight.

- 20. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound of claim 1 is in an amount of from about 1 to about 30 mg/kg of body weight.
- 21. A method for inhibiting a viral DNA polymerase, comprising contacting the polymerase with an effective inhibitory amount of a compound of claim 1.
 - 22. A method of treating atherosclerosis and restenosis comprising administering to a mammal in thereof a compound of claim 1.
- 10 23. The method of claim 22 wherein the compound of claim 1 is in an amount of from about 0.1 to about 300 mg/kg of body weight.
 - 24. The method of claim 22 wherein the compound of claim 1 is in an amount of from about 1 to about 30 mg/kg of body weight.
 - 25. The method of claim 13 wherein the compound of claim 1 is administered orally, parenterally or topically.
 - 26. A method of preparing an intermediate of formula IV or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof

which comprises reacting a compound of formula III or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof

with hydroxide or alkoxide in an aqueous solvent;

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wherein R^2 is C_{1-6} alkyl, optionally substituted by one to three OR^3 , NR^3R^3 , aryl or het; R^3 is H or C_{1-4} alkyl; het is morpholinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, azetidyl, tetrahydrofuranyl or imidazolidinyl; and aryl is a phenyl or pyridyl radical, attached via a carbon atom, optionally substituted by one to three halogen, OR^3 or NR^3R^3 .